are Our Answer to Your (Powerful) Demands!"

Our efforts to improve our SA 900 & SA 500 amplifiers have resulted in a completely new design which will fulfil many of your professional de-

Development began with in-depth interviews to HF transducers.

By all these criteria, the SA 1600 & SA 800 are outstanding professional amplifiers with many additional features for a broad range of applications.

mands.

determine what heavy users looked for in a professional amplifier. Reliability and mechanical integrity came top of the list, closely followed by an optimum power output to match modern LF and

Further common demands were low weight, 2 HU height and, of course, an attractive price/performance relationship.

The SA 1600 and SA 800

professional power amplifier

technology. Fool proof design

makes these amplifiers reliable

amplifiers represent the latest in

"The SA 1600 & SA 800

efficiency; Small size and weight; excellent watts/kg performance;

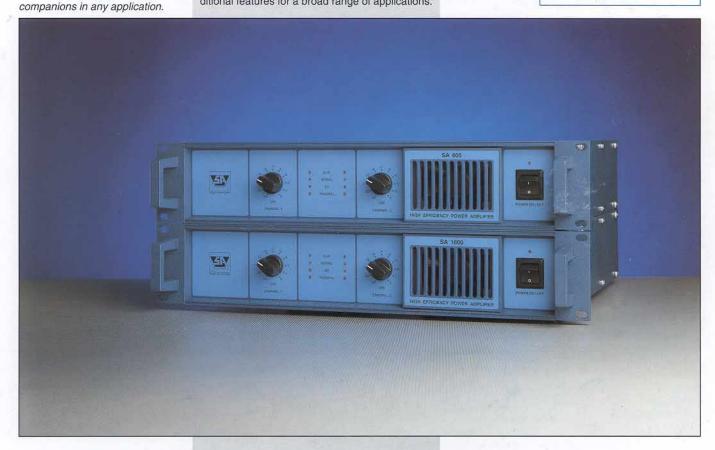
for increased

 Easy bridge mode connection;

- Useful peak power: 2 x 1,100 W (SA 1600) 2 x 550 W (SA 800) into 2Ω ;
- Almost indestructible housing.



stage accompany



which often has a crest factor of 10 dB, this is well within the safe thermal and mechanical drive area of most professional loudspeaker systems (a crest factor of 10 dB means a one to ten ratio of RMS to peak levels).

Remember, most speakers are destroyed by overdriven, under powered amplifiers working at levels beyond their clipping point. Such use raises the RMS to peak ratio and at the same time limits the cone excursion, resulting in overheated or burned out voice coils.

Highly Efficient Circuitry

By using two supply rails at the final output stage, we have drastically reduced the internal power dissipation of the amplifier. This means more watts per kilogram.

The carefully chosen voltages ensure maximum power availability for musical bursts.



For those situations where really massive power into 8 Ω or 4 Ω is needed, the SA 1600 is equipped with a bridge mode toggle switch. Under music or speech conditions this increases power to 1600 W peak into 8 Ω and 2,200 W into 4 Ω . Some speakers on the market are able to withstand this power due to the aforementioned high crest factor of most music. With appropriate processors this will result in a headroom of about 10 dB.

The SA 800 amplifier is designed for less power demanding applications, such as keyboards, small clubs and, of course, the top end of a PA system. Rated at about 100 W RMS, most smaller reinforcement systems and HF drivers will combine well with the 210 W RMS of the SA 800 into 8 Ω , giving you another 3 dB of clean headroom.

For those situations where more power into 8 Ω or 4 Ω is needed, the SA 800 is equipped with a bridge mode toggle switch. Under music or speech conditions this increases power to 800 W peak into 8 Ω and 1100 W into 4 Ω . With appropriate processors this will result in a headroom of about 7 dB.

Nowadays there is a lot of talk about dropping speaker impedance under certain drive conditions. The SA 1600 & SA 800 will drive complex impedances as low as 2 Ω without problems. This means that for those very critical applications such as studio control rooms you will have an enormous current headroom with most available 8 Ω or 4 Ω monitors, including the SA Master Series studio monitors.

The SA 1600 and SA 800 amplifiers are both equipped with five speakon connectors for ultimate safety and the best possible signal transmission. The separate bridge mode connector prevents faulty connections.

"DC"

The Direct Current LEDs will operate in the event of DC being detected at the output terminals, and for approximately one second after switching on in order to allow time for stabilization of the circuitry. During this state, the amplifiers are disconnected from the output terminals.

"Clip"

These LEDs indicate that the amplifier has reached its maximum output level.

output level. When the Clip LEDs flash repeatedly distortion is to be expected.

In the case of exceptionally low load impedances (e.g. short circuited speaker cables), current limiter circuitry protects the output devices.

If two outputs are accidentally interconnected no damage will occur. The amplifier will run into thermal overload and then mute the input signal. Even the fan is protected against obstruction.

Variable Speed Cooling Fan

The fan speed increases with a rise in output transistor temperature. This feature results in less dust in the inside of the amplifier (hence increased reliability) and less audible noise from the fan.

Especially under 8 Ω load conditions, there will be minimal fan noise due to low fan speed. This is advantageous in theaters, studios and other environments where background noise levels should be as low as possible.

21-Detent Input Attenuators

Independent 21- position detented input attenuators, calibrated in dBs, make level match-

ing and balancing easy. The sensitivity in the 0 dB position is + 6 dBu for 49 V output voltage (SA 1600; 300 W into 8 Ω).

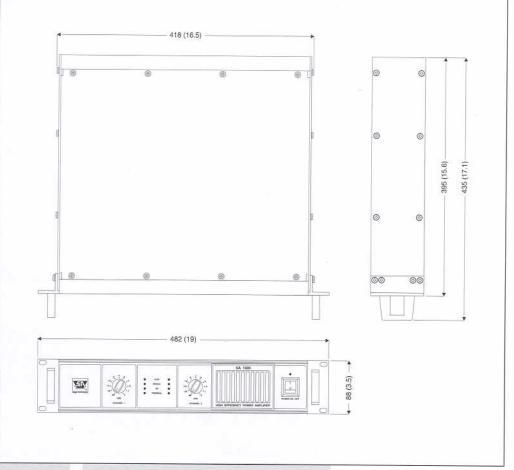
Balanced inputs

The standard balanced inputs provide full compatibility with other professional sound equipment and will, of course, also accept unbalanced signals. For linking purposes, extra signal outdundant, thereby substantially reducing cable costs.

Many manufacturers proudly present damping factors of, say, 250 with 8 Ω loads.

A normal, new, 10 m cable of 2.5 mm² with good new connectors will reduce the damping factor to a mere 25 - 50 in practical situations.

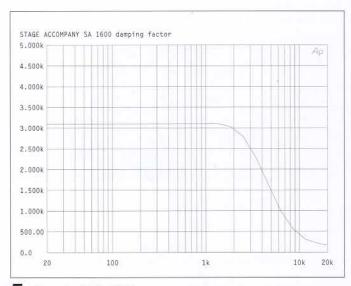
Only Stage Accompany, however, gives you full amplifier damping at your loudspeaker terminals (2500 @ 1 kHz), even with cable lengths exceeding 50 m.



Soft Start

The soft start circuit is active when the SA 1600 & SA 800 amplifiers are switched on, and also in the event of sudden mains interruption. By means of this soft start circuit the inrush current is limited to 25 A.

Physical dimensions of the SA 1600 and SA 800 amplifiers in mm (in). An application with the SA 1600 in the CS 2-27/1 system.



The Damping factor of the SA 1600 as a function of frequency. Starting at over 3,000 the value reduces to a still impressive 1,500 at 5 kHz.



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Channel separation:

> 70 dB @ 1 kHz, 150 W into 8 Ω > 50 dB @ 20 kHz, 150 W into 8 Ω

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 0.2 % @ 20 Hz - 20 kHz

more than 2 Ω load at all powers, 10 % below clip level

< 0.02 %@ 1 kHz, 200 [100] W into 8 Ω < 0.05 % @ 20 kHz, 200 [100] W into 8 Ω

< 0.01 % @ 1 kHz, 1 W into 8 Ω

Intermodulation distortion (IMD): < 0.05 % @ 200 Hz - 20 kHz,

 $f_1 = 70 \text{ Hz}, 4:1,$

200 [100] W into 8 Ω .

Signal to noise ratio: > 110 dB

Output Stage

Slew rate: > 40 V/µs

Damping factor (with DDC): 2.500 @ 1 kHz

(10 V across 8 Ω)

Output power (RMS): 2 x 320 [160] W into 8 Ω

2 x 520 [230] W into 4 Ω

 2×610 [300] W into $2\,\Omega$

Peak output power: 2 x 440 [220] W into 8 Ω

2 x 800 [400] W into 4 Ω $2 \times 1{,}100 \, [550] \, W$ into $2 \, \Omega$

Output power bridge mode (RMS):1 x 640 [320] W into 16 Ω

1 x 900 [460] W into 8 Ω 1 x 1,200 [600] W into 4 Ω

Peak output power bridge mode: 1 x 880 [440] W into 16 Ω

1 x 1,600 [800] W into 8 Ω 1 x 2,200 [1,100] W into 4 Ω

General

Mains supply voltage: stated at rear of amplifier

Continuous power consumption: 100 VA (standby)

2,200 [1,100] VA

(at maximum continuous output)

Weight: 18.2 [15] kg

(41 [33] lb)

19 in rack mount Housing: 2 HU, 18 in deep

(without connectors)

Dimensions: 88 x 482 x 462 mm (h x w x d)

(3.5 x 19 x 18.2 in) (without connectors

Stage Accompany reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice. 6703-SA 800